BOROUGH OF PICTURE ROCKS ORDINANCE NO. 2016-01

AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOROUGH OF PICTURE ROCKS, LYCOMING COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA AMENDINIG THE PICTURE ROCKS BOROUGH ZONING ORDINANCE OF 2007, ADOPTED DECEMBER 3, 2007; REQUIRING ALL PERSONS, PARTNERSHIPS, BUSINESSES AND CORPORATIONS TO OBTAIN A PERMIT FOR ANY CONSTRUCTION OR DEVELOPMENT; PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE OF SUCH PERMITS; SETTING FORTH CERTAIN MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT WITHIN AREAS OF THE BOROUGH OF PICTURE ROCKS WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO FLOODING; AND ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR ANY PERSONS WHO FAIL, OR REFUSE TO COMPLY WITH, THE REQUIREMENTS OR PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE.

BE IT ENACTED AND ORDAINED, by the Council of the Borough of Picture Rocks, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania as follows:

Article 6, SUPPLEMENTARY FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS, pages 67 thru 82, effective 12/10/07, is hereby rescinded, revoked and replaced, in its entirety, with the following:

ARTICLE I. STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION

The Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has, by the passage of the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act of 1978, delegated the responsibility to local governmental units to adopt floodplain management regulations to promote public health, safety, and the general welfare of its citizenry. Therefore, the Borough Council of the Borough of Picture Rocks does hereby order as follows.

ARTICLE II. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 2.01 Intent

The intent of this Article is to:

- A. Promote the general health, welfare, and safety of the community.
- B. Encourage the utilization of appropriate construction practices in order to prevent or minimize flood damage in the future.
- C. Minimize danger to public health by protecting water supply and natural drainage.
- D. Reduce financial burdens imposed on the community, its governmental units, and its residents, by preventing excessive development in areas subject to flooding.

E. Comply with federal and state floodplain management requirements.

Section 2.02 Applicability

It shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, business or corporation to undertake, or cause to be undertaken, any construction or development anywhere within the Borough of Picture Rocks unless a Permit has been obtained from the Floodplain Administrator.

Section 2.03 Abrogation and Greater Restrictions

This Article supersedes any other conflicting provisions which may be in effect in identified floodplain areas. However, any other ordinance or article provisions shall remain in full force and effect to the extent that those provisions are more restrictive. If there is any conflict between any of the provisions of this Article, the more restrictive shall apply.

Section 2.04 Severability

If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this Article shall be declared invalid for any reason whatsoever, such a decision shall not affect the remaining portions of the Article, which shall remain in full force and effect, and for this purpose the provisions of this Article are hereby declared to be severable.

Section 2.05 Warning and Disclaimer of Liability

The degree of flood protection sought by the provisions of this Article is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on accepted engineering methods of study. Larger floods may occur or flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes, such as ice jams and bridge openings restricted by debris. This Article does not imply that areas outside any identified floodplain areas, or that land uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damages.

This Article shall not create liability on the part of the Borough of Picture Rocks or any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this Article or any administrative decision lawfully made thereunder.

ARTICLE III. ADMINISTRATION

Section 3.01 Designation of the Floodplain Administrator

The Zoning Officer is hereby appointed to administer and enforce this Article and is referred to herein as the Floodplain Administrator The Floodplain Administrator may: (A) Fulfill the duties and responsibilities set forth in these regulations, (B) Delegate duties and responsibilities set forth in these regulations to qualified technical personnel, plan examiners, inspectors, and other employees, or (C) Enter into a written agreement or written contract with another agency or private sector entity to administer specific provisions of these regulations. Administration of any part of these regulations by another entity shall not relieve the community of its responsibilities pursuant to the participation requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program as set forth in the Code of Federal Regulations at 44 C.F.R. Section 59.22.

In the absence of a designated Floodplain Administrator, the Floodplain Administrator duties are

to be fulfilled by the Council President.

Section 3.02 Permits Required

A Permit shall be required before any construction or development is undertaken within any area of the Borough of Picture Rocks.

Section 3.03 Duties and Responsibilities of the Floodplain Administrator

- A. The Floodplain Administrator shall issue a Permit only after it has been determined that the proposed work to be undertaken will be in conformance with the requirements of this and all other applicable codes and ordinances/articles.
- B. Prior to the issuance of any permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall review the application for the permit to determine if all other necessary government permits required by state and federal laws have been obtained, such as those required by the Pennsylvania Sewage Facilities Act (Act 1966-537, as amended); the Pennsylvania Dam Safety and Encroachments Act (Act 1978-325, as amended); the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Act (Act 1937-394, as amended); and the U.S. Clean Water Act, Section 404, 33, U.S.C. 1344. No permit shall be issued until this determination has been made.
- C. In the case of existing structures, prior to the issuance of any Development/Permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall review the proposed cost of improvements or repairs and the pre-improvement market value of the structure, so that a substantial improvement/substantial damage determination can be made, in accordance with FEMA's Substantial Improvement/Substantial Damage Desk Reference.
- D. During the construction period, the Floodplain Administrator or other authorized official shall inspect the premises to determine that the work is progressing in compliance with the information provided on the permit application and with all applicable municipal laws and ordinances. He/she shall make as many inspections during and upon completion of the work as are necessary.
- E. In the discharge of his/her duties, the Floodplain Administrator shall have the authority to enter any building, structure, premises or development in the identified floodplain area, upon presentation of proper credentials, at any reasonable hour to enforce the provisions of this Article.
- F. In the event the Floodplain Administrator discovers that the work does not comply with the permit application or any applicable laws and ordinances, or that there has been a false statement or misrepresentation by any applicant, the Floodplain Administrator shall revoke the Permit and report such fact to the Borough Council for whatever action it considers necessary.
- G. The Floodplain Administrator shall maintain in perpetuity, or for the lifetime of the structure, all records associated with the requirements of this Article including, but not limited to, finished construction elevation data, permitting, inspection and enforcement.
- H. The Floodplain Administrator is the official responsible for submitting a biennial report

- to FEMA concerning community participation in the National Flood Insurance Program as requested.
- I. The responsibility, authority and means to implement the commitments of the Floodplain Administrator can be delegated from the person identified. However, the ultimate responsibility lies with the person identified in the floodplain Article as the floodplain administrator/manager.
- J. The Floodplain Administrator shall consider the requirements of the 34 PA Code and the 2009 IBC and the 2009 IRC, or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 3.04 Application Procedures and Requirements

- A. Application for such a Permit shall be made, in writing, to the Floodplain Administrator on forms supplied by the Borough of Picture Rocks. Such application shall contain the following:
 - 1. Name and address of applicant.
 - 2. Name and address of owner of land on which proposed construction is to occur.
 - 3. Name and address of contractor.
 - 4. Site location including address.
 - 5. Listing of other permits required.
 - Brief description of proposed work and estimated cost, including a breakout of flood-related cost and the market value of the building before the flood damage occurred where appropriate.
 - 7. A plan of the site showing the exact size and location of the proposed construction as well as any existing buildings or structures.
- B. If any proposed construction or development is located entirely or partially within any identified floodplain area, applicants for Permits shall provide all the necessary information in sufficient detail and clarity to enable the Floodplain Administrator to determine that:
 - 1. all such proposals are consistent with the need to minimize flood damage and conform with the requirements of this and all other applicable codes and ordinances;
 - 2. all utilities and facilities, such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are located and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage;
 - 3. adequate drainage is provided so as to reduce exposure to flood hazards;

- 4. structures will be anchored to prevent floatation, collapse, or lateral movement;
- 5. building materials are flood-resistant;
- 6. appropriate practices that minimize flood damage have been used; and
- electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment, and other service facilities have been designed and located to prevent water entry or accumulation.
- C. Applicants shall file the following minimum information plus any other pertinent information as may be required by the Floodplain Administrator to make the above determination:
 - 1. A completed Permit Application Form.
 - 2. A plan of the entire site, clearly and legibly drawn at a scale of one (1) inch being equal to one hundred (100) feet or less, showing the following:
 - a. north arrow, scale, and date;
 - b. topographic contour lines, if available;
 - c. the location of all existing and proposed buildings, structures, and other improvements, including the location of any existing or proposed subdivision and development;
 - d. the location of all existing streets, drives, and other access ways; and
 - e. the location of any existing bodies of water or watercourses, identified floodplain areas, and, if available, information pertaining to the floodway, and the flow of water including direction and velocities.
 - 3. Plans of all proposed buildings, structures and other improvements, drawn at suitable scale showing the following:
 - a. the proposed lowest floor elevation of any proposed building based upon North American Vertical Datum of 1988;
 - b. the elevation of the base flood;
 - c. supplemental information as may be necessary under 34 PA Code, the 2009 IBC or the 2009 IRC, or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
 - 4. The following data and documentation:
 - a. detailed information concerning any proposed floodproofing measures

and corresponding elevations.

- b.if available, information concerning flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces and other factors associated with a base flood.
- c. documentation, certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, to show that the effect of any proposed development within a Floodway Area (See section 4.02 A) will not increase the base flood elevation at any point.
- d.documentation, certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, to show that the cumulative effect of any proposed development within an AE Area/District without floodway (See Section 4.02 B) when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, will not increase the base flood elevation more than one (1) foot at any point within the community.
- e. a document, certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, which states that the proposed construction or development has been adequately designed to withstand the pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces associated with the base flood.
 - Such statement shall include a description of the type and extent of flood proofing measures which have been incorporated into the design of the structure and/or the development.
- f. detailed information needed to determine compliance with Section 5.03 F., Storage, and Section 5.04, Development Which May Endanger Human Life, including:
 - i. the amount, location and purpose of any materials or substances referred to in Sections 5.03 F. and 5.04 which are intended to be used, produced, stored or otherwise maintained on site.
 - ii. a description of the safeguards incorporated into the design of the proposed structure to prevent leaks or spills of the dangerous materials or substances listed in Section 5.04 during a base flood.
- g. the appropriate component of the Department of Environmental Protection's "Planning Module for Land Development."
- h. where any excavation or grading is proposed, a plan meeting the requirements of the Department of Environmental Protection, to implement and maintain erosion and sedimentation control.
- D. Applications for Permits shall be accompanied by a fee, payable to the municipality based upon the estimated cost of the proposed construction as determined by the

Floodplain Administrator.

Section 3.05 Review of Application by Others

A copy of all plans and applications for any proposed construction or development in any identified floodplain area to be considered for approval may be submitted by the Floodplain Administrator to any other appropriate agencies and/or individuals (e.g. planning commission, municipal engineer, etc.) for review and comment.

Section 3.06 Changes

After the issuance of a Permit by the Floodplain Administrator, no changes of any kind shall be made to the application, permit or any of the plans, specifications or other documents submitted with the application without the written consent or approval of the Floodplain Administrator. Requests for any such change shall be in writing, and shall be submitted by the applicant to Floodplain Administrator for consideration.

Section 3.07 Placards

In addition to the Permit, the Floodplain Administrator shall issue a placard, or similar document, which shall be displayed on the premises during the time construction is in progress. This placard shall show the number of the Permit, the date of its issuance, and be signed by the Floodplain Administrator.

Section 3.08 Start of Construction

Work on the proposed construction or development shall begin within 180 days after the date of issuance of the development permit. Work shall also be completed within twelve (12) months after the date of issuance of the permit or the permit shall expire unless a time extension is granted, in writing, by the Floodplain Administrator. The issuance of development permit does not refer to the zoning approval.

The actual start of construction means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first, alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

Time extensions shall be granted only if a written request is submitted by the applicant, who sets forth sufficient and reasonable cause for the Floodplain Administrator to approve such a request and the original permit is compliant with the ordinance & FIRM/FIS in effect at the time the extension is granted.

ARTICLE 12

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

1200 DUTIES OF THE ZONING OFFICER

The provisions of this Ordinance shall be administered and enforced by the Zoning Officer who shall be appointed by the Borough Council, shall hold no elective office in the municipality, may be compensated for his work, and shall have the following duties:

- A. to receive and process applications for permits, certificates, variances, conditional uses, appeals and other applications required under the terms of this Ordinance:
- B. to prescribe the form of all applications, permits and certificates required under the terms of this Ordinance:
- C. to issue or deny applications for Zoning Permits in accordance with the procedure set forth in Section 1202 of this Ordinance. In cases involving a request for a Conditional Use or a variance, Zoning Permits shall be issued only upon written order of the appropriate approving agency. (It shall be the responsibility of the Zoning Officer to process requests for hearings before Borough Council and Zoning Hearing Board, as applicable.);
- D. to issue or deny requests for Certificates of Compliance in accordance with the procedure set forth in Section 1203 of this Ordinance;
- E. to examine land, buildings and structures to determine their compliance with the Zoning Ordinance at the time of application filing, during the work and upon completion of the work;
- F. to issue written enforcement notices as specified in section 1204 of this Ordinance where it appears that there has been a violation, and to institute civil enforcement proceedings with the appropriate District Justice on behalf of the Borough as a means of enforcing the zoning regulations;
- G. to maintain a log of all applications, permits or certificates issued, variances granted, inspections made, reports rendered and notices or orders issued;
- H. to issue Certificates of Nonconformance as requested (See also Section 900 G. & 901 B.);
- to post notice of pending Zoning Hearing Board hearings in accordance with the procedures established in Section 1002 E.2 of this Ordinance, and to post notice of proposed zoning district boundary changes as per the requirements

of Section 1100 A. of this Ordinance;

- J. to present facts, records, and other information to the Borough Council and/or Borough Planning Commission, upon request of such body, as will assist them in their deliberations of specific applications;
- K. to present to the Zoning Hearing Board, in each case before the Board, all relevant facts and arguments to support the Borough's position, interpretation, and procedures in application of the provisions of this Ordinance; and
- L. to perform such other duties as may be made necessary by the terms of this Ordinance.

1201 GENERAL PROCEDURE FOR ZONING & BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATIONS

All persons desiring to undertake any new construction, structural alteration, or change in the use of a building, structure, or land shall apply to the Zoning Officer for a Zoning Permit by completing the appropriate application form and by submitting the required fee. The Zoning Officer shall then either issue or deny the Zoning Permit or refer the application to the Zoning Hearing Board or Borough Council for their consideration, as applicable. After the applicant has received his Zoning Permit, he shall contact the Borough Building Code official and make application for a Building Permit. Following completion of his project, the applicant shall apply to the Zoning Officer for a Certificate of Compliance. If the Zoning Officer finds that the project has been completed in accordance with the terms of the Zoning Permit, he shall issue a Certificate of Compliance, after which the Building Code official shall inspect the premises and issue or deny an Occupancy Permit allowing the premises to be occupied or used. (The specifics of each step of the zoning procedure are presented in Sections 1202 and 1203 below and in chart form in Appendix D of this Ordinance.) Nothing in this Ordinance shall exempt the applicant from obtaining any Permits which may be required by other regulations or codes in effect in Picture Rocks Borough.

1202 ZONING PERMITS

A. Requirements for Zoning Permits

A Zoning Permit shall be required prior to the erection, construction, addition, or alteration of any building or structure or portion thereof; prior to the use or change in use of a building, structure or land; prior to the erection or alteration of signs, except as specified in Article 7; prior to the change or extension of a nonconforming use; or prior to development in the 100 Year Floodplain District; except as listed below. It shall be unlawful for any person to commence work for the erection or alteration of any building or structure, or for a change in land use, until a Zoning Permit has been duly issued therefor. (In some instances, additional permits may also need to be obtained prior to beginning construction or alterations.) Upon issuance of the Zoning Permit, the applicant may apply for a Building Permit.

Exemptions

Zoning Permits shall <u>not</u> be required for the following activities *unless they are* proposed to be located within any identified floodplain area:

- general maintenance and repair to existing buildings or structures; including siding, roofing, painting, the addition and/or replacement of storm windows, and similar activities;
- 2. land cultivation activities, including crop or tree farming;
- 3. landscaping; or
- 4. placement or location of transmission, distribution and/or collection lines for utilities.

B. Application for Zoning Permits

Each request for a Zoning Permit shall be made by completing the appropriate application form obtained from the Zoning Officer. All applications for Zoning Permits shall be accompanied by plans drawn to scale, showing the actual shape and dimensions of the lot, the exact size and location of any buildings existing on the lot, the lines within which the proposed building or structure shall be erected or altered, the existing and intended use of each building or part of a building, the number of families or dwelling units the building is designed to accommodate and such other information as may be necessary to determine compliance with this Ordinance and all other pertinent regulations. No application shall be considered complete until all necessary documents have been filed and all fees have been paid to the Borough.

The Zoning Officer shall have 30 days after receipt of an application to issue or deny requests for a Zoning Permit. Any denial shall be in writing and shall state the reason(s) for such action.

C. Proof of Compliance

It shall be the responsibility of the applicant in all cases to furnish adequate information and to certify that the proposed use will comply with all requirements of this Ordinance and all other applicable Federal, State or local regulations. Included in the information shall be a copy of a sewage permit when one is necessary. Also, if Labor and Industry, Department of Transportation, or other regulatory agency requirements apply, the applicant shall supply evidence which shows that these regulations have been met.

D. Changes

After the issuance of a Zoning Permit by the Zoning Officer, no changes of any kind shall be made to the application, permit or any of the plans, specifications

or other documents submitted with the application without written approval of the Zoning Officer. Requests for any such change shall be made in writing and shall be submitted to the Zoning Officer for consideration.

E. Display of Permit Placard

In addition to the Zoning Permit, the Zoning Officer shall issue a Permit placard which shall be displayed or posted on the premises during the time construction is in progress. The Permit placard shall remain posted until completion of the project and final inspection has been made by the Zoning Officer. Said placard shall bear the number of the Zoning Permit, the date of its issuance, a description of the construction authorized, and shall bear the signature of the Zoning Officer.

F. Time Limitations

Work on the proposed construction shall begin within six (6) months after the date of issuance of the Zoning Permit and shall be completed within 12 months after the initiation of such work or the Permit shall expire, unless a time extension is granted in writing by the Zoning Officer. Time extensions may be granted only if a written request is submitted by the applicant which sets forth sufficient and reasonable cause for the Zoning Officer to grant such a request. Where such cause is determined, no more than two (2), six (6) month time extensions may be granted.

For the purposes of this Ordinance, construction and/or development shall be considered to have started with the preparation of land, including land clearing, grading, filling, excavation for basement, footers, piers or foundations, erection of temporary forms, the installation of pilings under proposed subsurface footers, or the installation of sewer, gas and water pipes, or electrical or other service lines from the street.

G. Inspections

During the construction period, the Zoning Officer shall inspect the premises to determine that the work is progressing in compliance with the information provided on the Permit application and with all other applicable Borough laws. He shall make as many inspections as necessary to determine this compliance.

In the discharge of his duties, the Zoning Officer shall have the authority to enter any building, structure, premises, or development in any zoning district, upon presentation of proper credentials, at any reasonable hour, to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance.

H. Revocation of Permits

The Zoning Officer may revoke a Zoning Permit at any time if it appears that the application or accompanying plan is in any material respect false or misleading

or that work being done upon the premises differs materially from that called for in the application. In such case, the person holding the Permit shall immediately surrender it to the Zoning Officer. A report of such revocation shall also be submitted to the Borough Council for whatever action they may deem necessary.

1203 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE

A. Requirements for Certificates of Compliance

No land shall be occupied or used and no building hereafter erected, altered or extended shall be used in whole or in part, or shall be changed in use until a Certificate of Compliance has been issued by the Borough Zoning Officer. Such requirement shall include proposals to change one use to another use in an existing building (regardless if structural alterations are proposed or necessary to accommodate the change).

The issuance of a Certificate of Compliance is not intended to guarantee or warranty, either stated or otherwise, the soundness of any construction nor the habitability of any building or structure. The purpose of this Certificate is only to certify that all work authorized by the Zoning Permit has been satisfactorily completed and that the building or proposed use thereof complies with the provisions of this Ordinance.

B. Issuance and Effect

The applicant shall notify the Zoning Officer upon completion of the permitted activity and the Zoning Officer shall inspect the construction or change of use within ten (10) days of the notification. The Zoning Officer shall then issue or deny the Certificate within ten (10) days after the last inspection thereof. If the Zoning Officer is satisfied that the work has been completed in accordance with the issued Zoning Permit and is in compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance, then the Certificate of Compliance shall be issued. If, however, any part of the construction is found in violation, the Certificate shall be denied and the applicant shall be notified in writing of the deficiencies or the reasons for denial of the Certificate. Once granted, the Certificate shall continue in effect so long as there is no change of use, regardless of change in ownership, tenants or occupants.

1204 VIOLATIONS AND ENFORCEMENT

Failure to secure a Zoning Permit when required hereunder or failure to secure a Certificate of Compliance, or failure to carry out the provisions of this Ordinance, shall be considered a violation of this Ordinance.

A. Enforcement Notice

Whenever it appears to the Zoning Officer that there has been a violation of

Section 3.09 Enforcement

Refer to Article 12, Administration and Enforcement.

Section 3.10 Appeals

- A. Any person aggrieved by any action or decision of the Floodplain Administrator concerning the administration of the provisions of Article, may appeal to the Zoning Hearing Board. Such appeal must be filed, in writing, within thirty (30) days after the decision, determination or action of the Floodplain Administrator.
- B. Upon receipt of such appeal the Zoning Hearing Board shall consider the appeal in accordance with the Municipal Planning Code and any other local ordinance.
- C. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the Zoning Hearing Board may seek relief therefrom by appeal to court, as provided by the laws of this State including the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act.

ARTICLE IV. IDENTIFICATION OF FLOODPLAIN AREAS

Section 4.01 Identification

The identified floodplain area shall be:

A. any areas of Borough of Picture Rocks, classified as Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) in the Flood Insurance Study (FIS) and the accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) dated June 2, 2016 and issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) or the most recent revision thereof, including all digital data developed as part of the Flood Insurance Study.

The above referenced FIS and FIRMs, and any subsequent revisions and amendments are hereby adopted by Borough of Picture Rocks and declared to be a part of Article.

Section 4.02 Description and Special Requirements of Identified Floodplain Areas

The identified floodplain area shall consist of the following specific areas:

- A. The Floodway Area shall be those areas identified in the FIS and the FIRM as floodway and which represent the channel of a watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without increasing the water surface elevation by more than one (1) foot at any point. This term shall also include floodway areas which have been identified in other available studies or sources of information for those Special Flood Hazard Areas where no floodway has been identified in the FIS and FIRM.
 - 1. Within any floodway area, no encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, or other development shall be permitted unless it has

been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis performed in accordance with standard engineering practice that the proposed encroachment would not result in any increase in flood levels within the community during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.

- 2. Within any floodway area, no new construction or development shall be allowed, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.
- B. The AE Area/District shall be those areas identified as an AE Zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA for which base flood elevations have been provided.
 - 1. The AE Area adjacent to the floodway shall be those areas identified as an AE Zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA for which base flood elevations have been provided and a floodway has been delineated.
 - 2. AE Area without floodway shall be those areas identified as an AE zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA for which base flood elevations have been provided but no floodway has been determined.
 - i. No permit shall be granted within any AE Zone without floodway, no encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, or other development shall be permitted unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis performed in accordance with standard engineering practice that the proposed development together with all other existing and anticipated development, would not result in an increase in flood levels of more than one foot within the entire community during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.
 - ii. No new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.
- C. The A Area/District shall be those areas identified as an A Zone on the FIRM included in the FIS prepared by FEMA and for which no base flood elevations have been provided. For these areas, elevation and floodway information from other Federal, State, or other acceptable sources shall be used when available. Where other acceptable information is not available, the base flood elevation shall be determined by using the elevation of a point on the boundary of the identified floodplain area which is nearest the construction site.

In lieu of the above, the municipality may require the applicant to determine the elevation with hydrologic and hydraulic engineering techniques. Hydrologic and hydraulic analyses shall be undertaken only by professional engineers or others of demonstrated qualifications, who shall certify that the technical methods used correctly reflect currently accepted technical concepts. Studies, analyses, computations, etc., shall be submitted in

sufficient detail to allow a thorough technical review by the municipality. In the absence of any of the above data or documentation, the community may require elevation of the lowest floor to be at least three feet above the highest adjacent grade.

Section 4.03 Changes in Identification of Area

The Identified Floodplain Area may be revised or modified by the Borough Council where studies or information provided by a qualified agency or person documents the need for such revision. However, prior to any such change to the Special Flood Hazard Area, approval must be obtained from FEMA. Additionally, as soon as practicable, but not later than six (6) months after the date such information becomes available, a community shall notify FEMA of the changes to the Special Flood Hazard Area by submitting technical or scientific data. See 5.01 (B) for situations where FEMA notification is required.

Section 4.04 Boundary Disputes

Should a dispute concerning any identified floodplain boundary arise, an initial determination shall be made by the Borough of Picture Rocks and any party aggrieved by this decision or determination may appeal to the Borough Council. The burden of proof shall be on the appellant.

Section 4.05 Jurisdictional Boundary Changes

Prior to development occurring in areas where annexation or other corporate boundary changes are proposed or have occurred, the community shall review flood hazard data affecting the lands subject to boundary changes. The community shall adopt and enforce floodplain regulations in areas subject to annexation or corporate boundary changes which meet or exceed those in CFR 44 60.3.

ARTICLE V. TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

Section 5.01 General

A. Alteration or Relocation of Watercourse

- No encroachment, alteration, or improvement of any kind shall be made to any
 watercourse until all adjacent municipalities which may be affected by such
 action have been notified by the municipality, and until all required permits or
 approvals have first been obtained from the Department of Environmental
 Protection Regional Office.
- 2. No encroachment, alteration, or improvement of any kind shall be made to any watercourse unless it can be shown that the activity will not reduce or impede the flood carrying capacity of the watercourse in any way.
- 3. In addition, FEMA and the Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development, shall be notified prior to any alteration or relocation of any watercourse.
- B. When Borough of Picture Rocks proposes to permit the following encroachments:

- any development that causes a rise in the base flood elevations within the floodway;
 or
- any development occurring in Zones A1-30 and Zone AE without a designated floodway, which will cause a rise of more than one foot in the base flood elevation; or
- alteration or relocation of a stream (including but not limited to installing culverts and bridges)

the applicant shall (as per 44 CFR Part 65.12):

- 1. apply to FEMA for conditional approval of such action prior to permitting the encroachments to occur.
- 2. Upon receipt of the FEMA Administrator's conditional approval of map change and prior to approving the proposed encroachments, a community shall provide evidence to FEMA of the adoption of floodplain management ordinances incorporating the increased base flood elevations and / or revised floodway reflecting the post-project condition.
- 3. Upon completion of the proposed encroachments, a (Borough of Picture Rocks or applicant) shall provide as-built certifications. FEMA will initiate a final map revision upon receipt of such certifications in accordance with 44 CFR Part 67.
- C. Any new construction, development, uses or activities allowed within any identified floodplain area shall be undertaken in strict compliance with the provisions contained in Article and any other applicable codes, ordinances and regulations.
- D. Within any Identified Floodplain Area, no new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse.

Section 5.02 Elevation and Floodproofing Requirements

A. Residential Structures

- 1. In AE, A1-30, and AH Zones, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation.
- 2. In A Zones, where there are no Base Flood Elevations specified on the FIRM, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation determined in accordance with Section 4.02.C of Article.
- 3. The design and construction standards and specifications contained in the 2009

International Building Code (IBC) and in the 2009 International Residential Code (IRC) or the latest edition thereof adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and ASCE 24 and 34 PA Code (Chapters 401-405 as amended) shall be utilized, where they are more restrictive.

B. Non-residential Structures

- 1. In AE, A1-30 and AH Zones, any new construction or substantial improvement of a non-residential structure shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation, or be designed and constructed so that the space enclosed below the Regulatory Flood Elevation:
 - a. is floodproofed so that the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and,
 - b. has structural components with the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy:
- 2. In A Zones, where no Base Flood Elevations are specified on the FIRM, any new construction or substantial improvement shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated or completely floodproofed up to, or above, the Regulatory Flood Elevation determined in accordance with Section 4.02.C of Article.
- 3. Any non-residential structure, or part thereof, made watertight below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be floodproofed in accordance with the W1 or W2 space classification standards contained in the publication entitled "Flood-Proofing Regulations" published by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (June 1972, as amended March 1992) or with some other equivalent standard. All plans and specifications for such floodproofing shall be accompanied by a statement certified by a registered professional engineer or architect which states that the proposed design and methods of construction are in conformance with the above referenced standards. There should be a statement submitted with the permit application and a statement submitted with the as-built Floodproofing Certificate prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy.
- 4. Any non-residential structure that will be floodproofed must submit the following to the Floodplain Administrator along with the non-residential Floodproofing Certificate and prior to the issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy:
 - a. An Inspection and Maintenance Plan detailing the annual maintenance of floodproofed components ensuring that all components will operate properly under flood conditions. Components that must be inspected include at a minimum:
 - 1. Mechanical equipment such as sump pumps and generators,
 - 2. Flood shields and closures.

- 3. Walls and wall penetrations, and
- 4. Levees and berms (as applicable)

b.Flood Emergency Operation Plan detailing the procedures to be followed during a flooding event, and must include information pertaining to how all components will operate properly under all conditions, including power failures. The design professional must produce the plan. An adequate plan must include the following:

- 1. An established chain of command and responsibility with leadership responsibilities clearly defined for all aspects of the plan.
- 2. A procedure for notification of necessary parties when flooding threatens and flood warnings are issued. Personnel required to be at the building should have a planned and safe means of ingress and should have no other emergency response duties during a flood event. Alternates should be assigned in the event that the primary persons responsible are unable to complete their assigned duties under the plan.
- 3. A list of specific duties assigned to ensure that all responsibilities are addressed expeditiously. The locations of materials necessary to properly install all floodproofing components must be included in the list.
- 4. An evacuation plan for all personnel or occupants; those without duties for the flood emergency as well as those with duties for implementing the plan. All possible ingress and egress routes must be identified.
- 5. A periodic training and exercise program to keep personnel and occupants aware of their duties and responsibilities. Training drills should be held at least once a year and should be coordinated with community officials.
- 5. The design and construction standards and specifications contained in the 2009 International Building Code (IBC) and in the 2009 International Residential Code (IRC) or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and ASCE 24 and 34 PA Code (Chapters 401-405 as amended) shall be utilized, where they are more restrictive.

C. Space below the lowest floor

1. Fully enclosed space below the lowest floor (excluding basements) which will be used solely for the parking of a vehicle, building access, or incidental storage in an area other than a basement, shall be designed and constructed to allow for the

automatic entry and exit of flood waters for the purpose of equalizing hydrostatic forces on exterior walls. The term "fully enclosed space" also includes crawl spaces.

- 2. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - a. a minimum of two openings having a net total area of not less than one (1) square inch for every square foot of enclosed space installed on two
 - (2) separate walls
 - b. the bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade.
 - c. openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters.

D. Historic Structures

Historic structures undergoing repair or rehabilitation that would constitute a substantial improvement as defined in Article, must comply with all ordinance requirements that do not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure. Documentation that a specific ordinance requirement will cause removal of the structure from the National Register of Historic Places or the State Inventory of Historic places must be obtained from the Secretary of the Interior or the State Historic Preservation Officer. Any exemption from ordinance requirements will be the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.

E. Accessory structures

Structures accessory to a principal building need not be elevated or floodproofed to remain dry, but shall comply, at a minimum, with the following requirements:

- 1. the structure shall not be designed or used for human habitation, but shall be limited to the parking of vehicles, or to the storage of tools, material, and equipment related to the principal use or activity.
- 2. floor area shall not exceed 200 square feet.
- 3. The structure will have a low damage potential.
- 4. the structure will be located on the site so as to cause the least obstruction to the flow of flood waters.
- 5. power lines, wiring, and outlets will be elevated to the Regulatory Flood Elevation.

- 6. permanently affixed utility equipment and appliances such as furnaces, heaters, washers, dryers, etc. are prohibited.
- 7. sanitary facilities are prohibited.
- 8. the structure shall be adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, and lateral movement and shall be designed to automatically provide for the entry and exit of floodwater for the purpose of equalizing hydrostatic forces on the walls. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect, or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:
 - a. a minimum of two openings having a net total area of not less than one (1) square inch for every square foot of enclosed space.
 - b. the bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade.
 - openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, etc. or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of flood waters.
- 9. For accessory structures that are 200 square feet or larger in area (footprint) and that are below the base flood elevation, a variance is required as set forth in Article VIII. If a variance is granted, a signed Declaration of Land Restriction (Nonconversion Agreement) shall be recorded on the property deed prior to issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy.
- 10. Prohibit the storage of Hazardous Materials in accessory structures.

Section 5.03 Design and Construction Standards

The following minimum standards shall apply for all construction and development proposed within any identified floodplain area:

A. Fill

If fill is used, it shall:

- a. extend laterally at least fifteen (15) feet beyond the building line from all points;
- b. consist of soil or small rock materials only Sanitary Landfills shall not be permitted;
- c. be compacted to provide the necessary permeability and resistance to erosion, scouring, or settling;

- d. be no steeper than one (1) vertical to two (2) horizontal feet unless substantiated data justifying steeper slopes are submitted to, and approved by the Floodplain Administrator; and
- e. be used to the extent to which it does not adversely affect adjacent properties.

B. Drainage Facilities

Storm drainage facilities shall be designed to convey the flow of storm water runoff in a safe and efficient manner. The system shall ensure proper drainage along streets, and provide positive drainage away from buildings. The system shall also be designed to prevent the discharge of excess runoff onto adjacent properties.

C. Water and Sanitary Sewer Facilities and Systems

- 1. All new or replacement water supply and sanitary sewer facilities and systems shall be located, designed and constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damages and the infiltration of flood waters.
- 2. Sanitary sewer facilities and systems shall be designed to prevent the discharge of untreated sewage into flood waters.
- 3. No part of any on-site waste disposal system shall be located within any identified floodplain area except in strict compliance with all State and local regulations for such systems. If any such system is permitted, it shall be located so as to avoid impairment to it, or contamination from it, during a flood.
- 4. The design and construction provisions of the UCC and FEMA #348, "Protecting Building Utilities From Flood Damages" and "The International Private Sewage Disposal Code" shall be utilized.

D. Other Utilities

All other utilities such as gas lines, electrical and telephone systems shall be located, elevated (where possible) and constructed to minimize the chance of impairment during a flood.

E. Streets

The finished elevation of all new streets shall be no more than one (1) foot below the Regulatory Flood Elevation.

F. Storage

All materials that are buoyant, flammable, explosive, or in times of flooding, could be injurious to human, animal, or plant life, and not listed in Section 5.04, Development Which May Endanger Human Life, shall be stored at or above the Regulatory Flood Elevation or floodproofed to the maximum extent possible.

G. Placement of Buildings and Structures

All buildings and structures shall be designed, located, and constructed so as to offer the minimum obstruction to the flow of water and shall be designed to have a minimum effect upon the flow and height of flood water.

H. Anchoring

- 1. All buildings and structures shall be firmly anchored in accordance with accepted engineering practices to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement.
- 2. All air ducts, large pipes, storage tanks, and other similar objects or components located below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be securely anchored or affixed to prevent flotation.

I. Floors, Walls and Ceilings

- 1. Wood flooring used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be installed to accommodate a lateral expansion of the flooring, perpendicular to the flooring grain without causing structural damage to the building.
- 2. Plywood used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be of a "marine" or "water-resistant" variety.
- 3. Walls and ceilings at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be designed and constructed of materials that are "water-resistant" and will withstand inundation.
- 4. Windows, doors, and other components at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be made of metal or other "water-resistant" material.

J. Paints and Adhesives

- 1. Paints and other finishes used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be of "marine" or "water-resistant" quality.
- 2. Adhesives used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be of a "marine" or "water-resistant" variety.
- 3. All wooden components (doors, trim, cabinets, etc.) used at or below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be finished with a "marine" or "water-resistant" paint or other finishing material.

K. Electrical Components

- 1. Electrical distribution panels shall be at least three (3) feet above the base flood elevation.
- 2. Separate electrical circuits shall serve lower levels and shall be dropped from

above.

L. Equipment

- 1. Water heaters, furnaces, air conditioning and ventilating units, and other electrical, mechanical or utility equipment or apparatus shall not be located below the Regulatory Flood Elevation and shall be anchored to resist floatation, collapse, and lateral movement
- 2. Ductwork shall be elevated to or above the Regulatory Flood Elevation or floodproofed to remain water resistant.

M. Fuel Supply Systems

All gas and oil supply systems shall be designed to prevent the infiltration of flood waters into the system and discharges from the system into flood waters. Additional provisions shall be made for the drainage of these systems in the event that flood water infiltration occurs.

N. Uniform Construction Code Coordination

The Standards and Specifications contained in 34 PA Code (Chapters 401-405), as amended and not limited to the following provisions shall apply to the above and other sections and sub-sections of Article, to the extent that they are more restrictive and supplement the requirements of Article.

International Building Code (IBC) 2009 or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Secs. 801, 1202, 1403, 1603, 1605, 1612, 3402, and Appendix G.

International Residential Building Code (IRC) 2009 or the latest revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Secs. R104, R105, R109, R322, Appendix E, and Appendix J.

Section 5.04 Development Which May Endanger Human Life

Within any Identified Floodplain Area, any structure of the kind described in Subsection A., below, shall be prohibited. If a variance is obtained in accordance with the criteria in Article VIII, then the following provisions apply: (5.04 B, C, & D)

- A. In accordance with the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act, and the regulations adopted by the Department of Community and Economic Development as required by the Act, any <u>new</u> or <u>substantially improved</u> structure which:
 - 1. will be used for the <u>production</u> or <u>storage</u> of any of the following dangerous materials or substances; or,
 - 2. will be used for any activity requiring the maintenance of a supply of more than 550 gallons, or other comparable volume, of any of the following dangerous

materials or substances on the premises; or,

3. will involve the production, storage, or use of any amount of radioactive substances;

shall be subject to the provisions of this section, in addition to all other applicable provisions. The following list of materials and substances are considered dangerous to human life:

- Acetone
- Ammonia
- Benzene
- Calcium carbide
- Carbon disulfide
- Celluloid
- Chlorine
- Hydrochloric acid
- Hydrocyanic acid
- Magnesium
- Nitric acid and oxides of nitrogen
- Petroleum products (gasoline, fuel oil, etc.)
- Phosphorus
- Potassium
- Sodium
- Sulphur and sulphur products
- Pesticides (including insecticides, fungicides, and rodenticides)
- Radioactive substances, insofar as such substances are not otherwise regulated.
- B. Within any Identified Floodplain Area, any new or substantially improved structure of the kind described in Subsection A., above, shall be prohibited within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse.
- C. Within any Floodway Area, any structure of the kind described in Subsection A., above, shall be prohibited. Where permitted within any Identified Floodplain Area, any new or substantially improved residential structure of the kind described in Section 5.04 (A), above, shall be elevated to remain completely dry up to at least one and one half (1 ½) feet above base flood elevation and built in accordance with Sections 5.01, 5.02 and 5.03.
- D. Where permitted within any Identified Floodplain Area, any new or substantially improved non-residential structure of the kind described in Section 5.04 (A) above, shall be built in accordance with Sections 5.01, 5.02 and 5.03 including:
 - 1. elevated, or designed and constructed to remain completely dry up to at least one and one half (1 ½) feet above base flood elevation, and
 - 2. designed to prevent pollution from the structure or activity during the course of a

base flood.

Any such structure, or part thereof, that will be built below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the standards for completely dry floodproofing contained in the publication "Flood-Proofing Regulations (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, June 1972 as amended March 1992), or with some other equivalent watertight standard.

Section 5.05 Special Requirements for Subdivisions and Development

All subdivision proposals and development proposals containing at least 50 lots or at least 5 acres, whichever is the lesser, in Identified Floodplain Areas where base flood elevation data are not available, shall be supported by hydrologic and hydraulic engineering analyses that determine base flood elevations and floodway information. The analyses shall be prepared by a licensed professional engineer in a format required by FEMA for a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) and Letter of Map Revision (LOMR). Submittal requirements and processing fees shall be the responsibility of the applicant.

Section 5.06 Special Requirements for Manufactured Homes

- A. For the purpose of this Article, the term mobile home shall also include park trailers, travel trailers, recreational vehicles, and other similar types of manufactured homes which are place on site for more than one-hundred eighty (180) consecutive days.
- B. Within any Identified Floodplain Area manufactured homes shall be prohibited within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse.
- C. Where permitted within any Identified Floodplain Area, all manufactured homes, and any improvements thereto, shall be:
 - 1. placed on a permanent foundation;
 - 2. elevated so that the lowest floor of the manufactured home is at least one and one half $(1 \frac{1}{2})$ feet above base flood elevation;
 - 3. and anchored to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement.

D. Equipment requirement:

- 1. Water heaters, furnaces, air conditioning and ventilating units, and other electrical, mechanical or utility equipment or apparatus shall not be located below the Regulatory Flood Elevation and shall be anchored to resist floatation, collapse, and lateral improvement.
- 2. Ductwork shall be elevated to or above the Regulatory Flood Elevation or floodproofed to remain water resistant.
- E. Installation of manufactured homes shall be done in accordance with the manufacturers' installation instructions as provided by the manufacturer. Where the applicant cannot

provide the above information, the requirements of Appendix E of the 2009 "International Residential Building Code" or the "U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Permanent Foundations for Manufactured Housing," 1984 Edition, draft or latest revision thereto and 34 PA Code Chapter 401-405 shall apply.

F. Consideration shall be given to the installation requirements of the 2009 IBC, and the 2009 IRC or the latest revision thereto as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and 34 PA Code, as amended where appropriate and/or applicable to units where the manufacturers' standards for anchoring cannot be provided or were not established for the proposed unit(s) installation.

Section 5.07 Special Requirements for Recreational Vehicles

- A. Recreational vehicles in Zones A, A1-30, AH and AE must either:
 - 1. be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days, and
 - 2. be fully licensed and ready for highway use,

or

3. meet the permit requirements for manufactured homes in Section 5.06.

ARTICLE VI. ACTIVITIES REQUIRING SPECIAL PERMITS

Section 6.01 General

In accordance with the administrative regulations promulgated by the Department of Community and Economic Development to implement the Pennsylvania Flood Plain Management Act, the following activities shall be prohibited within any Identified Floodplain Area unless a Special Permit has been issued by the Borough of Picture Rocks:

- A. The commencement of any of the following activities; or the construction, enlargement, or expansion of any structure used, or intended to be used, for any of the following activities:
 - 1. Hospitals
 - 2. Nursing homes
 - 3. Jails or prisons
- B. The commencement of, or any construction of, a new manufactured home park or manufactured home subdivision, or substantial improvement to an existing manufactured home park or manufactured home subdivision.

Section 6.02 Application Requirements for Special Permits

Applicants for Special Permits shall provide five copies of the following items:

- A. A written request including a completed Permit Application Form.
- B. A small scale map showing the vicinity in which the proposed site is located.
- C. A plan of the entire site, clearly and legibly drawn at a scale of one (1) inch being equal to one hundred (100) feet or less, showing the following:
 - 1. north arrow, scale and date;
 - 2. topography based upon the North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) of 1988, showing existing and proposed contours at intervals of two (2) feet;
 - 3. all property and lot lines including dimensions, and the size of the site expressed in acres or square feet;
 - 4. the location of all existing streets, drives, other access ways, and parking areas, with information concerning widths, pavement types and construction, and elevations;
 - 5. the location of any existing bodies of water or watercourses, buildings, structures and other public or private facilities, including railroad tracks and facilities, and any other natural and man-made features affecting, or affected by, the proposed activity or development;
 - 6. the location of the floodplain boundary line, information and spot elevations concerning the base flood elevation, and information concerning the flow of water including direction and velocities;
 - 7. the location of all proposed buildings, structures, utilities, and any other improvements; and
 - 8. any other information which the municipality considers necessary for adequate review of the application.
- D. Plans of all proposed buildings, structures and other improvements, clearly and legibly drawn at suitable scale showing the following:
 - 1. sufficiently detailed architectural or engineering drawings, including floor plans, sections, and exterior building elevations, as appropriate;
 - 2. for any proposed building, the elevation of the lowest floor (including basement) and, as required, the elevation of any other floor;
 - 3. complete information concerning flood depths, pressures, velocities, impact and uplift forces, and other factors associated with the base flood;
 - 4. detailed information concerning any proposed floodproofing measures, including the Flood Emergency Operation Plan and the Inspection and Maintenance Plan:

- 5. cross section drawings for all proposed streets, drives, other accessways, and parking areas, showing all rights-of-way and pavement widths;
- 6. profile drawings for all proposed streets, drives, and vehicular accessways including existing and proposed grades; and
- 7. plans and profiles of all proposed sanitary and storm sewer systems, water supply systems, and any other utilities and facilities.

E. The following data and documentation:

- 1. certification from the applicant that the site upon which the activity or development is proposed is an existing separate and single parcel, owned by the applicant or the client he represents;
- 2. certification from a registered professional engineer, architect, or landscape architect that the proposed construction has been adequately designed to protect against damage from the base flood;
- 3. a statement, certified by a registered professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, or other qualified person which contains a complete and accurate description of the nature and extent of pollution that might possibly occur from the development during the course of a base flood, including a statement concerning the effects such pollution may have on human life;
- 4. a statement certified by a registered professional engineer, architect, or landscape architect, which contains a complete and accurate description of the effects the proposed development will have on base flood elevation and flows;
- 5. a statement, certified by a registered professional engineer, architect, or landscape architect, which contains a complete and accurate description of the kinds and amounts of any loose buoyant materials or debris that may possibly exist or be located on the site below the base flood elevation and the effects such materials and debris may have on base flood elevation and flows;
- 6. the appropriate component of the Department of Environmental Protection's "Planning Module for Land Development;"
- 7. where any excavation or grading is proposed, a plan meeting the requirements of the Department of Environmental Protection to implement and maintain erosion and sedimentation control;
- 8. any other applicable permits such as, but not limited to, a permit for any activity regulated by the Department of Environmental Protection under Section 302 of Act 1978-166; and
- 9. an evacuation plan which fully explains the manner in which the site will be safely evacuated before or during the course of a base flood.

Section 6.03 Application Review Procedures

Upon receipt of an application for a Special Permit by the Borough of Picture Rocks the following procedures shall apply in addition to those of Article III:

- A. Within three (3) working days following receipt of the application, a complete copy of the application and all accompanying documentation shall be forwarded to the County Planning Commission by registered or certified mail for its review and recommendations. Copies of the application shall also be forwarded to the Borough of Picture Rocks Planning Commission and Borough of Picture Rocks engineer for review and comment.
- B. If an application is received that is incomplete, the Borough of Picture Rocks shall notify the applicant in writing, stating in what respect the application is deficient.
- C. If the Borough of Picture Rocks decides to disapprove an application, it shall notify the applicant, in writing, of the reasons for the disapproval.
- D. If the Borough of Picture Rocks approves an application, it shall file written notification, together with the application and all pertinent information, with the Department of Community and Economic Development, by registered or certified mail, within five (5) working days after the date of approval.
- E. Before issuing the Special Permit, the Borough of Picture Rocks shall allow the Department of Community and Economic Development thirty (30) days, after receipt of the notification by the Department, to review the application and decision made by the Borough of Picture Rocks.
- F. If the Borough of Picture Rocks does not receive any communication from the Department of Community and Economic Development during the thirty (30) day review period, it may issue a Special Permit to the applicant.
- G. If the Department of Community and Economic Development should decide to disapprove an application, it shall notify the Borough of Picture Rocks and the applicant, in writing, of the reasons for the disapproval, and the Borough of Picture Rocks shall not issue the Special Permit.

Section 6.04 Special Technical Requirements

- A. In addition to the requirements of Article V of Article, the following minimum requirements shall also apply to any proposed development requiring a Special Permit. If there is any conflict between any of the following requirements and those in Article V of Article or in any other code, ordinance, or regulation, the more restrictive provision shall apply.
- B. No application for a Special Permit shall be approved unless it can be determined that the structure or activity will be located, constructed and maintained in a manner which will:
 - 1. Fully protect the health and safety of the general public and any occupants of the structure. At a minimum, all new structures shall be designed, located, and

constructed so that:

- a. the structure will survive inundation by waters of the base flood without any lateral movement or damage to either the structure itself, or to any of its equipment or contents below the BFE.
- b. the lowest floor (including basement) will be elevated to at least one and one half $(1 \frac{1}{2})$ feet above base flood elevation.
- c. the occupants of the structure can remain inside for an indefinite period of time and be safely evacuated at any time during the base flood.
- 2. Prevent any significant possibility of pollution, increased flood levels or flows, or debris endangering life and property.

All hydrologic and hydraulic analyses shall be undertaken only by professional engineers or others of demonstrated qualifications, who shall certify that the technical methods used correctly reflect currently accepted technical concepts. Studies, analyses, computations, etc. shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow a thorough technical review by the Borough of Picture Rocks and the Department of Community and Economic Development.

ARTICLE VII EXISTING STRUCTURES IN IDENTIFIED FLOODPLAIN AREAS

Section 7.01 Existing Structures

The provisions of Article do not require any changes or improvements to be made to lawfully existing structures. However, when an improvement is made to any existing structure, the provisions of Section 7.02 shall apply.

Section 7.02 Improvements

The following provisions shall apply whenever any improvement is made to an existing structure located within any Identified Floodplain Area:

- A. No expansion or enlargement of an existing structure shall be allowed within any Floodway Area/District that would cause any increase in BFE.
- B. No expansion or enlargement of an existing structure shall be allowed within AE Area/District without floodway that would, together with all other existing and anticipated development, increase the BFE more than one (1) foot at any point.
- C. Any modification, alteration, reconstruction, or improvement of any kind to an existing structure to an extent or amount of fifty (50) percent or more of its market value, shall constitute a substantial improvement and shall be undertaken only in full compliance with the provisions of Article.
- D. The above activity shall also address the requirements of the 34 PA Code, as amended and the 2009 IBC and the 2009 IRC or most recent revision thereof as adopted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

- E. Within any Floodway Area/District (See Section 4.02 A), no new construction or development shall be allowed, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office
- F. Within any AE Area/District without Floodway (See Section 4.02 B), no new construction or development shall be located within the area measured fifty (50) feet landward from the top-of-bank of any watercourse, unless the appropriate permit is obtained from the Department of Environmental Protection Regional Office.

ARTICLE VIII VARIANCES

Section 8.01 General

If compliance with any of the requirements of Article would result in an exceptional hardship to a prospective builder, developer or landowner, the Borough of Picture Rocks Zoning Hearing Board may, upon request, grant relief from the strict application of the requirements. Variance Procedures and Conditions Requests for variances shall be considered by the Borough of Picture Rocks in accordance with the procedures contained in Article 2 and the following:

Section 8.02 Variance Procedures and Conditions

- A. No variance shall be granted for any construction, development, use, or activity within any Floodway Area/District that would cause any increase in the BFE.
- B. No variance shall be granted for any construction, development, use, or activity within any AE Area/District without floodway that would, together with all other existing and anticipated development, increase the BFE more than one (1) foot at any point.
- C. No variances shall be granted for a proposed accessory structure that exceeds 200 square feet in size. A signed Non-Conversion Agreement is required as a condition of receiving the variance.
- D. Except for a possible modification of the Regulatory Flood Elevation requirement involved, no variance shall be granted for any of the other requirements pertaining specifically to development regulated by Special Permit (Article VI) or to Development Which May Endanger Human Life (Section 5.04).
- E. If granted, a variance shall involve only the least modification necessary to provide relief.
- F. In granting any variance, the Borough of Picture Rocks Zoning Hearing Board shall attach whatever reasonable conditions and safeguards it considers necessary in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and to achieve the objectives of Article.
- G. Whenever a variance is granted, the Borough of Picture Rocks Zoning Hearing Board shall notify the applicant in writing that:
 - 1. The granting of the variance may result in increased premium rates for flood insurance.

- 2. Such variances may increase the risks to life and property.
- H. In reviewing any request for a variance, the Borough of Picture Rocks Zoning Hearing Board shall consider, at a minimum, the following:
 - 1. That there is good and sufficient cause.
 - 2. That failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant.
 - 3. That the granting of the variance will
 - a. neither result in an unacceptable or prohibited increase in flood heights, additional threats to public safety, or extraordinary public expense,
 - b. nor create nuisances, cause fraud on, or victimize the public, or conflict with any other applicable state or local ordinances and regulations.
- I. A complete record of all variance requests and related actions shall be maintained by the Borough of Picture Rocks Zoning Hearing Board. In addition, a report of all variances granted during the year shall be included in the annual report to the FEMA.

Notwithstanding any of the above, however, all structures shall be designed and constructed so as to have the capability of resisting the one-percent (1%) annual chance flood.

ARTICLE IX. DEFINITIONS

Section 9.01 General

Unless specifically defined below, words and phrases used in Article shall be interpreted so as to give Article its' most reasonable application.

Section 9.02 Specific Definitions

- 1. Accessory use or structure a use or structure on the same lot with, and of a nature customarily incidental and subordinate to, the principal use or structure.
- 2. Base flood a flood which has a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year (also called the "100-year flood" or one-percent (1%) annual chance flood).
- 3. Base flood discharge the volume of water resulting from a Base Flood as it passes a given location within a given time, usually expressed in cubic feet per second (cfs).
- 4. Base flood elevation (BFE) the elevation shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for Zones AE, AH, A1-30 that indicates the water surface elevation resulting

- from a flood that has a 1-percent or greater chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.
- 5. Basement any area of the building having its floor below ground level on all sides.
- 6. Building a combination of materials to form a permanent structure having walls and a roof. Included shall be all manufactured homes and trailers to be used for human habitation.
- 7. Declaration of Land Restriction (Non-Conversion Agreement) A form signed by the property owner to agree not to convert or modify in any manner that is inconsistent with the terms of the permit and these regulations, certain enclosures below the lowest floor of elevated buildings and certain accessory structures. The form requires the owner to record it on the property deed to inform future owners of the restrictions.
- 8. Development any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to the construction, reconstruction, renovation, repair, expansion, or alteration of buildings or other structures; the placement of manufactured homes; streets, and other paving; utilities; filling, grading and excavation; mining; dredging; drilling operations; storage of equipment or materials; and the subdivision of land.
- 9. Existing manufactured home park or subdivision a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.
- 10. Expansion to an existing manufactured home park or subdivision the preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).
- 11. Flood a temporary inundation of normally dry land areas.
- 12. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) the official map on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated both the areas of special flood hazards and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.
- 13. Flood Insurance Study (FIS) the official report provided by the Federal Emergency Management Agency that includes flood profiles, the Flood Insurance Rate Map, the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.
- 14. Floodplain area a relatively flat or low land area which is subject to partial or complete inundation from an adjoining or nearby stream, river or watercourse; and/or any area subject to the unusual and rapid accumulation of surface waters from any source.
- 15. Floodproofing any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or

- adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.
- 16. Floodway the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one foot.
- 17. Highest Adjacent Grade The highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.
- 18. Historic structures any structure that is:
 - a. Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
 - b. Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
 - c. Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
 - d. Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation that have been certified either:
 - i. By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or
 - ii. Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.
- 19. Identified Floodplain Area- this term is an umbrella term that includes all of the areas within which the community has selected to enforce floodplain regulations. It will always include the area identified as the Special Flood Hazard Area on the Flood Insurance Rate Maps and Flood Insurance Study, but may include additional areas identified by the community. See Sections 4.01 and 4.02 for the specifics on what areas the community has included in the Identified Floodplain Area.
- 20. Lowest floor the lowest floor of the lowest fully enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished, flood resistant partially enclosed area, used solely for parking of vehicles, building access, and incidental storage, in an area other than a basement area is not considered the lowest floor of a building, provided that such space is not designed and built so that the structure is in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of Article.

- 21. Manufactured home a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis, and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when attached to the required utilities. The term includes park trailers, travel trailers, recreational and other similar vehicles which are placed on a site for more than 180 consecutive days.
- 22. Manufactured home park or subdivision a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.
- 23. New construction structures for which the start of construction commenced on or after June 2, 2016 and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. Any construction started after September 5, 1990 and before June 2, 2016 is subject to the ordinance in effect at the time the permit was issued, provided the start of construction was within 180 days of permit issuance.
- 24. New manufactured home park or subdivision a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of floodplain management regulations adopted by a community.
- 25. Person an individual, partnership, public or private association or corporation, firm, trust, estate, municipality, governmental unit, public utility or any other legal entity whatsoever, which is recognized by law as the subject of rights and duties.
- 26. Post-FIRM Structure is a structure for which construction or substantial improvement occurred after December 31, 1974 or on or after the community's initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) dated September 5, 1990, whichever is later, and, as such, would be required to be compliant with the regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program.
- 27. Pre-FIRM Structure is a structure for which construction or substantial improvement occurred on or before December 31, 1974 or before the community's initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) dated September 5, 1990, whichever is later, and, as such, would not be required to be compliant with the regulations of the National Flood Insurance Program.
- 28. Recreational vehicle a vehicle which is:
 - a. built on a single chassis;
 - b. not more than 400 square feet, measured at the largest horizontal projections;
 - c. designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light-duty truck,
 - d. not designed for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

- 29. Regulatory Flood Elevation the base flood elevation (BFE) or estimated flood height as determined using simplified methods plus a freeboard safety factor of one and one-half (1 ½) feet. The freeboard safety factor also applies to utilities and ductwork.
- 30. Special permit a special approval which is required for hospitals, nursing homes, jails, and new manufactured home parks/ subdivisions and substantial improvements to such existing parks, when such development is located in all, or a designated portion of a floodplain.
- 31. Special flood hazard area (SFHA) means an area in the floodplain subject to a 1 percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. It is shown on the FIRM as Zone A, AO, A1-A30, AE, A99, or, AH.
- 32. Start of construction includes substantial improvement and other proposed new development and means the date the Permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, placement, or other improvement was within 180 days after the date of the permit and shall be completed within twelve (12) months after the date of issuance of the permit unless a time extension is granted, in writing, by the Floodplain Administrator. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufacture home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.
- 33. Structure a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home.
- 34. Subdivision the division or re-division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land by any means into two or more lots, tracts, parcels or other divisions of land including changes in existing lot lines for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of lease, partition by the court for distribution to heirs, or devisees, transfer of ownership or building or lot development: Provided, however, that the subdivision by lease of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of more than ten acres, not involving any new street or easement of access or any residential dwelling, shall be exempted.
- 35. Substantial damage damage from any cause sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before-damaged condition would equal or exceed fifty (50) percent or more of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.
- 36. Substantial improvement any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other

improvement of a structure, of which the cost equals or exceeds fifty (50) percent of the market value of the structure before the "start of construction" of the improvement. This term includes structures which have incurred "substantial damage" regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions.

- 37. Uniform Construction Code (UCC) The statewide building code adopted by The Pennsylvania General Assembly in 1999 applicable to new construction in all municipalities whether administered by the municipality, a third party or the Department of Labor and Industry. Applicable to residential and commercial buildings, The Code adopted The International Residential Code (IRC) and the International Building Code (IBC), by reference, as the construction standard applicable with the State floodplain construction. For coordination purposes, references to the above are made specifically to various sections of the IRC and the IBC.
- 38. Variance- A grant of relief by a community from the terms of a floodplain management regulation.
- 39. Violation means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required in 44 CFR §60.3(b)(5), (c)(4), (c)(10), (d)(3), (e)(2), (e)(4), or (e)(5) is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

BC BOROUGH CENTER DISTRICT

Uses and Structures

Permitted Principal Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)

Permitted Accessory Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer) Conditional Uses & Structures (Borough Council) (See also Section 1101)

- Single-family detached dwellings. (See 402)
- Two-family dwellings; i.e duplexes. (See 402.)
- Conversion apartments (up to 2 dwelling units). (See 402 & 404)
- 4. Churches or places of worship.
- 5. Day care centers. (See 409)
- Municipal & government buildings; fire stations.
- 7. Clubs, lodges & social halls.
- 8. Barber & beauty shops. (See 413)
- 9. Banks & financial institutions. (See 413)
- 10. Restaurants. (See 413)

- Uses & structures customarily incidental to an approved principal use.
- 2. Private garages & carports.
- 3. Private swimming pools. (See 424)
- 4. Home occupations. (See 425 B.)
- 5. Family day care homes. (See 410)
- 6. Roadside stands. (See 426)
- Accessory warehousing and/or storage facilities; accessory retail outlets. (See 418)
- Accessory residential uses. (See 427.)
- 9. Temporary uses. (See 428)
- 10. Exterior antennas. (See 429)
- 11. Outdoor furnaces.
- 12. Signs. (See 703)
- Off-street parking & loading areas.
 (See Article 8)

- Conversion apartments (three dwelling units). (See 402 & 404)
- Single-family attached dwellings & multi-family dwellings. (See 405 & 406)
- Nursing or personal care homes. (See 411)
- 4. Rooming or boarding houses.
- 5. Public or private schools. (See 412)
- Bed & breakfast establishments. (See 414)
- 7. Small-scale personal service, convenience and retail businesses, including:
 Auto sales facilities, Commercial lodging facilities, Drug stores & florist shops, General stores, Medical or dental clinics, Personal storage warehouses, Professional offices, Recycling dropoff centers, Studios for art, music, dance, etc, & Variety, gift & antique shops. (See 413)
- Automotive service stations & repair shops. (See 415)
- 9. Public entertainment facilities. (See 416)
- Adult entertainment establishments. (See 417)
- Light industrial operations, including: Contractor's shops & yards, Lumber or wood related manufacturing, Machine shops, & Wholesaling or distributing uses. (See 418)
- 12. Mineral extraction operations.
- 13. Parks or playgrounds. (See 421)
- Sobriety houses or institutional residences. (See 430 & 408)
- 15. Public utility facilities.
- 16. Libraries, museums or art galleries.

(Continued on Next Page)

BC BOROUGH CENTER DISTRICT

Lot, Yard, and Open Space Requirements

Winimum Lot Requirements (See Section 501)

Minimum Yard Requirements (See Section 502)

Maximum Height Requirements (See Section 503)

- 1. Minimum Lot Area Per Principal Structure or Use:
 - a. <u>Single-Family Detached Dwellings</u> and <u>Other Principal Uses</u> 20,000 sq.ft. per dwelling unit or use, except as provided otherwise below.
 - b. <u>Single-Family Attached Dwelling Structures & Multi-Family Dwellings</u> 20,000 sq.ft. + 1,000 sq.ft. per dwelling unit. (See 405 & 406)
 - c. Nursing or Personal Care Homes 20,000 sq.ft. + 1,000 sq.ft. per resident over 10. (See 411)
 - d. Public or Private Schools 1 acre. (See 412)
 - e. <u>All lots</u> must meet the requirements of the PA Sewage Facilities Act and all other municipal sewage regulations.
- Minimum Lot Width (measured at the building setback line):
 - a. <u>Single-family Detached Dwellings and Other Principal Uses</u> 100 feet.
 - b. Single-Family Attached Dwelling Units 22 feet.

- 1. Front Yard:
 - a. <u>Structures</u> 50 feet from road centerline.
 - Parking 10 feet from edge of road right-of-way.
- 2. Side Yards: 5 feet each side.
- 3. Rear Yard:
 - a. Principal Structures 15 feet.
 - b. Accessory Structures 5 feet.

- Principal Structures: 35 feet or 2 1/2 stories, whichever is greater.
- Accessory Structures: 30 feet or 2 stories, whichever is greater.

R RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

Uses and Structures

Permitted Principal Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)

Permitted Accessory Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)

Conditional Uses & Structures (Borough Council) (See also Section 1101)

- Single-family detached dwellings. (See 402)
- Two-family dwellings, i.e. duplexes. (See 402)
- 3. Conversion apartments. (See 402 & 404)
- Agricultural uses, including land cultivation, plant nurseries & greenhouses. (See 423)

- Uses & structures customarily incidental to an approved principal use.
- 2. Private garages & carports.
- 3. Private swimming pools. (See 424)
- 4. No-impact home-based businesses. (See 425 A.)
- 5. Home occupations. (See 425 B.)
- 6. Family day care homes. (See 410)
- 7. Roadside stands. (See 426)
- 8. Temporary uses. (See 428)
- 9. Exterior antennas. (See 429)
- 10. Outdoor furnaces.
- 11. Signs. (See 704)
- Off-street parking & loading areas. (See Article 8)

- 1. Cemeteries.
- Bed & breakfast establishments. (See 414)
- 3. Group homes. (See 408)
- 4. Churches or places of worship.
- Controlled timbering operations. (See 420)

(Continued on Next Page)

R RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

Lot, Yard, and Open Space Requirements

Minimum Lot Requirements (See Section 501)

Minimum Yard Requirements (See Section 502)

Maximum Height Requirements (See Section 503)

- 1. Minimum Lot Area Per Principal Structure or Use:
 - a. <u>Single-Family Detached Dwellings and Other Principal Uses</u> 1 acre (43,560 sq.ft.) per dwelling unit or use, except as provided otherwise below.
 - b. Controlled Timbering Operations See 420.
 - c. <u>All lots</u> shall meet the requirements of the PA Sewage Facilities Act and all other municipal sewage regulations.
- Minimum Lot Width (measured at building setback line): 150 feet.

- 1. Front Yard: 50 feet from road centerline.
- 2. Side Yards: 15 feet each side.
- 3. Rear Yard:
 - a. Principal Structures 25 feet.
 - b. Accessory Structures 5 feet.

- Principal Structures: 35 feet or 2 1/2 stories, whichever is greater.
- Accessory Structures: 30 feet or 2 stories, whichever is greater.
- Agricultural Structures: No maximum.

OS OPEN SPACE DISTRICT

Uses and Structures

Permitted Principal Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)

Permitted Accessory Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)

Conditional Uses & Structures (Borough Council) (See also Section 1101)

- Single-family detached dwellings. (See 402)
- 2. Cemeteries.
- Agricultural uses, including land cultivation, horticultural activities, plant nurseries and greenhouses. (See 423)
- Uses & structures customarily incidental to an approved principal use.
- 2. Private garages & carports.
- Private swimming pools. (See 424)
- 4. Home occupations. (See 425 B.)
- 5. Family day care homes. (See 410)
- Roadside stands. (See 426)
- Temporary uses, including outdoor cultural, religious, amusement & sporting events. (See 428)
- 8. Exterior antennas. (See 429)
- 9. Outdoor furnaces.
- 10. Signs. (See 704)
- 11. Off-street parking & loading areas. (See Article 8)

- Mobile homes on individual lots. (See 402 & 403)
- Residential cluster developments. (See 407)
- Public or private schools. (See 412)
- 4. Libraries, museums or art galleries.
- Bed & breakfast establishments. (See 414)
- Recreation facilities; parks or playgrounds. (See 421)
- 7. Campgrounds or RV parks. (See 422)
- 8. Lumber yards or sawmills. (See 419)
- Controlled timbering operations. (See 420)
- Veterinary offices or clinics; animal hospitals or kennels.
- 11. Raising of horses or poultry. (See 423)
- Communications transmitting and receiving towers. (See 432)

(Continued on Next Page)

OS OPEN SPACE DISTRICT

Lot, Yard, and Open Space Requirements

Minimum Lot Requirements (See Section 501)

Minimum Yard Requirements (See Section 502)

Maximum Height Requirements (See Section 503)

- 1. Minimum Lot Area Per Principal Structure or Use:
 - a. <u>Single-Family Detached Dwellings and Other</u>
 <u>Principal Uses</u> 1 acre (43,560 sq.ft.) per dwelling unit or use, except as provided otherwise below.
 - Residential Cluster Developments 10 acres. (See 407)
 - c. Controlled Timbering Operations See 420.
 - d. Campgrounds or RV parks See 422.
 - e. Raising of Horses or Poultry See 423.
 - f. All lots shall meet the requirements of the PA Sewage Facilities Act and all other municipal sewage regulations.
- 2. Minimum Lot Width (measured at building setback line): 150 feet.

- 1. Front Yard: 50 feet from road centerline.
- 2. Side Yards: 15 feet each side.
- 3. Rear Yard:
 - a. Principal Structures 25 feet.
 - b. Accessory Structures 5 feet.

- Principal Structures: 35 feet or 2 1/2 stories, whichever is greater.
- Accessory Structures: 30 feet or 2 stories, whichever is greater.
- Agricultural Structures: No maximums.

Section 305

FP FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT (Overlying District)

Uses and Structures

Permitted Principal Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)	Permitted Accessory Uses & Structures (Zoning Officer)	Conditional Uses & Structures (Borough Council) (See also Section 1101)
Same as the underlying district, and in addition:	Same as the underlying district, and in addition:	Same as the underlying district.
 Agricultural uses, including land cultiva- tion and outdoor or non-structural horti- cultural activities. (See 423) 	 Accessory uses, such as yard, gardens, or pervious parking areas. 	
Parks and playgrounds, including picnic grounds, hiking or biking trails, day camps, etc. (See 421)		
Temporary uses, such as carnivals or circuses. (See 428)		
	SAME AS THE UNDERLYING DISTRICT	
	ent in this District shall be undertaken in strict o subsequently enacted floodplain management regulat	
	1	

(Continued on Next Page)

FP FLOODPLAIN DISTRICT (Overlying District)

Lot, Yard, and Open Space Requirements

Minimum Lot Requirements (See Section 501)	Minimum Yard Requirements (See Section 502)	Maximum Height Requirements (See Section 503)
	SAME AS THE UNDERLYING DISTRICT	1
		· .

7

ARTICLE X. ENACTMENT

Section 10.01 Adoption

Article shall be effective on June 2, 2016 and shall remain in force until modified, amended or rescinded by Borough of Picture Rocks, Lycoming County, Pennsylvania.

ENACTED AND ADOPTED by the Borou	gh Council this zik day of May 2816,
·	
ATTEST:	BOROUGH COUNCIL OF THE BOROUGH OF PICTURE ROCKS
William N. Dorman, Secretary	By:
APPROVED, this 14h day of May	,, by the Mayor of the Borough of Picture
ATTEST:	Main h Birl
William N. Dorman, Secretary	David L. Bender, Mayor